# SAFETY DATA SHEET

United Kingdom (UK)



Date of issue/Date of revision : 4 March 2021 **Version** 2.04

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : SLOW REACTIVE THINNER FOR ACRYLIC

**Product code** : 1-160/E5

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

: Industrial applications. **Product use** 

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Thinner.

**Uses advised against** : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Industries Italia S.r.I., Via Comasina, 121, 20161 Milano, Italy Tel: +39 02 6404.1

PPG Industries (UK) Ltd., Needham Road, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 2AD, UK Tel: +44 (0) 1449 773 338

e-mail address of person : PSRefEMEA@ppg.com

responsible for this SDS

**National contact** 

PPG Industries (UK) Ltd.

Customer Services and Sales Group, Needham Road, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 2AD

Tel: +44 (0) 1449 773993 Fax: +44 (0) 1449 771603

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

Company emergency telephone number: +39 02 6404.1 (0800-1700)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 **STOT SE 3, H336** Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements**: Flammable liquid and vapour.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : Not applicable.

P280, P210, P273, P261, P304 + P312, P403 + P233

**Hazardous ingredients** : 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-mercaptopropionate)

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

**Special packaging requirements** 

**Containers to be fitted** 

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria

for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| <u> </u>   |  |              |   |         |
|--|--|--------------|---|---------|
|  |  |              | <u>Classification</u>   |         |
| Product/ingredient name                            | Identifiers  | % by weight  | Regulation (EC) No.<br>1272/2008 [CLP]  | Туре    |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate                    | REACH #: 01-2119475791-29<br>EC: 203-603-9<br>CAS: 108-65-6<br>Index: 607-195-00-7 | ≥25 - ≤50    | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336   | [1] [2] |
| ethyl acetate                                      | REACH #: 01-2119475103-46<br>EC: 205-500-4<br>CAS: 141-78-6<br>Index: 607-022-00-5 | ≥25 - ≤50    | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>EUH066   | [1] [2] |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate                              | REACH #: 01-2119475112-47<br>EC: 203-933-3<br>CAS: 112-07-2<br>Index: 607-038-00-2 | ≥10 - ≤25    | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332  | [1] [2] |
| pentaerythritol tetrakis<br>(3-mercaptopropionate) | REACH #: 01-2119486981-23<br>EC: 231-472-8<br>CAS: 7575-23-7                       | ≥0.30 - <2.5 | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>(M=1)<br>Aquatic Chronic 1,<br>H410 (M=1)          | [1]     |
| 2-methoxypropyl acetate                            | EC: 274-724-2<br>CAS: 70657-70-4<br>Index: 607-251-00-0                            | <0.30        | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT SE 3, H335 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | [1]     |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### <u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.  |
|-------------|--|
| Inhalation  | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |

**Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.
 Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special precautions for fire-fighters** 

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

| Product/ingredient name         | Exposure limit values   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 548 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 274 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethyl acetate                   | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).  STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours.                      |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate           | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  |

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs**

| Product/ingredient name         | Type         | Exposure                                      | Value                  | Population                          | Effects           |
|---------------------------------|--------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | DNEL         | Long term Oral                                | 1.67 mg/kg bw/         | General                             | Systemic          |
|                                 | DNEL         | Long term Inhalation                          | day<br>33 mg/m³        | population<br>General<br>population | Local             |
|                                 | DNEL         | Long term Inhalation                          | 33 mg/m³               | General population                  | Systemic          |
|                                 | DNEL         | Long term Dermal                              | 54.8 mg/kg bw/<br>day  | General population                  | Systemic          |
|                                 | DNEL         | Long term Dermal                              | 153.5 mg/kg bw/<br>day | Workers                             | Systemic          |
|                                 | DNEL<br>DNEL | Long term Inhalation<br>Short term Inhalation | 275 mg/m³<br>550 mg/m³ | Workers<br>Workers                  | Systemic<br>Local |
| ethyl acetate                   | DNEL         | Long term Oral                                | 4.5 mg/kg bw/day       | General population                  | Systemic          |
|                                 | DNEL         | Long term Dermal                              | 37 mg/kg bw/day        | General population                  | Systemic          |
|                                 | DNEL         | Long term Dermal                              | 63 mg/kg bw/day        | Workers                             | Systemic          |
|                                 | DNEL         | Long term Inhalation                          | 367 mg/m³              | General population                  | Local             |
|                                 | DNEL         | Long term Inhalation                          | 367 mg/m³              | General population                  | Systemic          |
|                                 | DNEL         | Short term Inhalation                         | 734 mg/m³              | General population                  | Local             |
|                                 | DNEL         | Short term Inhalation                         | 734 mg/m³              | General                             | Systemic          |

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

|                          |      |                       |                         | population |          |
|--------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------|----------|
|                          | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 734 mg/m³               | Workers    | Local    |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 734 mg/m³               | Workers    | Systemic |
|                          | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1468 mg/m³              | Workers    | Local    |
|                          | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1468 mg/m³              | Workers    | Systemic |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate    | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 8.6 mg/kg bw/day        | General    | Systemic |
|                          |      |                       |                         | population | 1        |
|                          | DNEL | Short term Oral       | 36 mg/kg bw/day         | General    | Systemic |
|                          |      |                       | ,                       | population | 1        |
|                          | DNEL | Short term Dermal     | 72 mg/kg bw/day         | General    | Systemic |
|                          |      |                       |                         | population | 1        |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 80 mg/m³                | General    | Systemic |
|                          |      |                       |                         | population |          |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 102 mg/kg bw/day        | General    | Systemic |
|                          |      |                       |                         | population |          |
|                          | DNEL | Short term Dermal     | 120 mg/kg bw/day        | Workers    | Systemic |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 133 mg/m³               | Workers    | Systemic |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 169 mg/kg bw/day        | Workers    | Systemic |
|                          | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | General    | Local    |
|                          |      |                       |                         | population |          |
|                          | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 333 mg/m³               | Workers    | Local    |
| pentaerythritol tetrakis | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 0.17 mg/kg bw/          | General    | Systemic |
| (3-mercaptopropionate)   |      |                       | day                     | population |          |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 0.59 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General    | Systemic |
|                          |      |                       |                         | population |          |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 1.7 mg/kg bw/day        | General    | Systemic |
|                          |      |                       |                         | population |          |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 2.39 mg/m³              | Workers    | Systemic |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 3.4 mg/kg bw/day        | Workers    | Systemic |
|                          | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 20.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General    | Local    |
|                          |      |                       |                         | population |          |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 20.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General    | Local    |
|                          |      |                       |                         | population | l        |
|                          | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 40.13 mg/m³             | Workers    | Local    |
|                          | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 40.13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers    | Local    |

#### **PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name         | Type | Compartment Detail        | Value           | Method Detail      |
|---------------------------------|------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | -    | Fresh water               | 0.635 mg/l      | -                  |
| , ,                             | -    | Marine water              | 0.0635 mg/l     | -                  |
|                                 | -    | Fresh water sediment      | 3.29 mg/kg      | -                  |
|                                 | -    | Marine water sediment     | 0.329 mg/kg     | -                  |
|                                 | -    | Soil                      | 0.29 mg/kg      | -                  |
|                                 | -    | Sewage Treatment<br>Plant | 100 mg/l        | -                  |
| ethyl acetate                   | -    | Fresh water               | 0.24 mg/l       | Assessment Factors |
| -                               | -    | Marine water              | 0.024 mg/l      | Assessment Factors |
|                                 | -    | Sewage Treatment Plant    | 650 mg/l        | Assessment Factors |
|                                 | -    | Fresh water sediment      | 1.15 mg/kg dwt  | _                  |
|                                 | -    | Marine water sediment     | 0.115 mg/kg dwt | -                  |
|                                 | -    | Soil                      | 0.148 mg/kg dwt | _                  |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate           | -    | Fresh water               | 0.304 mg/l      | -                  |
| • •                             | -    | Marine water              | 0.0304 mg/l     | -                  |
|                                 | -    | Fresh water sediment      | 2.03 mg/kg dwt  | -                  |
|                                 | -    | Marine water sediment     | 0.203 mg/kg dwt | -                  |
|                                 | -    | Soil                      | 0.42 mg/kg dwt  | -                  |
|                                 | -    | Sewage Treatment          | 90 mg/l         | -                  |

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**Plant** 

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SECTION 9: Exposure controls/personal protection

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves** 

: butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use with adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Mask type: full-face mask half-face mask Filter type: organic vapour filter (Type A) particulate filter P3 Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour Colourless. Characteristic. Odour **Odour threshold** : Not available.

pН : insoluble in water.

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -52.6 to -40.1°C (-62.7 to

-40.2°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: pentaerythritol tetrakis

(3-mercaptopropionate). Weighted average: -74.32°C (-101.8°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

: liquid

: Closed cup: 25°C Flash point

Highest known value: 4.94 (ethyl acetate) Weighted average: 3.61compared **Evaporation rate** 

with butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 2.2% Upper: 11.5% (ethyl acetate)

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 10.9 kPa (81.6 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethyl acetate).

Weighted average: 4.47 kPa (33.53 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density Highest known value: 5.5 (Air = 1) (2-butoxyethyl acetate). Weighted average:

4.09 (Air = 1)

Relative density : 0.94

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). **Decomposition temperature** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

: Kinematic (40°C): <0.14 cm<sup>2</sup>/s **Viscosity** 

**Viscosity** : < 30 s (ISO 6mm)

**Explosive properties** : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties** : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following

materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name         | Result                 | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg     | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 6190 mg/kg  | -        |
| ethyl acetate                   | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg     | -        |
| •                               | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 5620 mg/kg  | -        |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate           | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 1500 mg/kg  | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 1880 mg/kg  | -        |
| pentaerythritol tetrakis        | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 1000 mg/kg  | -        |
| (3-mercaptopropionate)          |                        |         |             |          |
| 2-methoxypropyl acetate         | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | >5320 ppm   | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >2000 mg/kg | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 8532 mg/kg  | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route  | ATE value                                     |  |
|--------|---|--|
| Dermal | 10434.7 mg/kg<br>10329.67 mg/kg<br>75.75 mg/l |  |

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Sensitisation**

| Product/ingredient name                        | Route of exposure | Species    | Result      |
|--|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-mercaptopropionate) | skin              | Guinea pig | Sensitising |

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Mutagenicity**

| Product/ingredient name                         | Test     | Experiment                                | Result   |
|---|----------|---|----------|
| pentaerythritol tetrakis (3-mercaptopropionate) | OECD 471 | Experiment: In vitro<br>Subject: Bacteria | Negative |

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

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|--------------|----------------|--------|------|
|              |                |        |      |

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name         | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| ethyl acetate                   | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| 2-methoxypropyl acetate         | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name         | Result                          | Species                | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water | Fish -<br>Oncorhynchus | 96 hours |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate           | Acute LC50 28 mg/l              | mykiss<br>Fish         | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name         | Test      | Result                   | Dose | Inoculum |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | -         | 83 % - Readily - 28 days | -    | -        |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate           | OECD 301A | 97 % - Readily - 7 days  | -    | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

| Product/ingredient name                                  | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability   |
|--|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate<br>2-butoxyethyl acetate | -                 | -          | Readily<br>Readily |

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                        | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------|-----|-----------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate                | 0.56   | -   | low       |
| ethyl acetate                                  | 0.73   | -   | low       |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate                          | 1.51   | -   | low       |
| pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-mercaptopropionate) | 2.8    | 75  | low       |

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

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|----------------------------------|-------|
|----------------------------------|-------|

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

: Yes.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation   |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11*  | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging |          | European waste catalogue (EWC) |
|-------------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| Container         | 15 01 02 | plastic packaging              |

#### **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# 14. Transport information

|                                 | ADR/RID                   | ADN                       | IMDG                      | IATA                      |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 14.1 UN number                  | UN1263                    | UN1263                    | UN1263                    | UN1263                    |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | PAINT RELATED<br>MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED<br>MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED<br>MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED<br>MATERIAL |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3                         | 3                         | 3                         | 3                         |
| 14.4 Packing group              | III                       | III                       | III                       | III                       |

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|--------------|---------------------|-------|
|              |                     |       |

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| 14.5                        | No.             | Yes.            | No.             | No.             |  |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Environmental               |                 |                 |                 |                 |  |
| hazards                     |                 |                 |                 |                 |  |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |  |

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : None identified.

**Tunnel code** : (D/E)

**ADN** : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in

tank vessels.

**IMDG** : None identified. : None identified. IATA

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions**: Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

**Category** 

P<sub>5</sub>c

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification          | Justification         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226      | On basis of test data |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319      | Calculation method    |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317      | Calculation method    |
| STOT SE 3, H336         | Calculation method    |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method    |

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H225   | Highly flammable liquid and vapour.                   |
|--------|---|
| H226   | Flammable liquid and vapour.                          |
| H302   | Harmful if swallowed.                                 |
| H312   | Harmful in contact with skin.                         |
| H317   | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                  |
| H319   | Causes serious eye irritation.                        |
| H332   | Harmful if inhaled.                                   |
| H335   | May cause respiratory irritation.                     |
| H336   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                    |
| H360D  | May damage the unborn child.                          |
| H400   | Very toxic to aquatic life.                           |
| H410   | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412   | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.    |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| Acute Tox. 4      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                        |
|-------------------|--|
| Aquatic Acute 1   | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1     |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1    |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3    |
| Eye Irrit. 2      | SERIOUS EYÈ DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2     |
| Flam. Liq. 2      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                     |
| Flam. Liq. 3      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3                     |
| Repr. 1B          | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B                |
| Skin Sens. 1      | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1                    |
| STOT SE 3         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - |
|                   | Category 3   |

#### **History**

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Prepared by : EHS Version : 2.04

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