



## SAFETY DATA SHEET BLACK BITUMEN

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010, According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking			
1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	BLACK BITUMEN		
Product number	0150 - 0396 (Black)		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Identified uses	Paint.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet			
Supplier	Dacrylate Paints Ltd,		
	Lime Street,		
	Kirkby-in-Ashfield		
	Nottingham NG17 8AL		
	Tel: +44 (0) 1623-753845		
	Fax: +44 (0) 1623-757151		
Contact person	sales@dacrylate.co.uk		
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber		
National emergency telephone number	+44 (0) 1623 753845 08:30-17:00 MON-FRI		
SECTION 2: Hazards identifica	ation		
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture		
Classification			
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
Health hazards	STOT RE 1 - H372		
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	Xn;R68/21. N;R51/53. R10.		
Human health	Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.		
Environmental	This product may cause harm to the environment. See Section 12 Ecological Information.		
Physicochemical	See Section 7.2 Storage Class. See Section 5.2 Hazardous combustion products. See Section 10: Stability and reactivity		
2.2. Label elements			

Pictogram	
	₩ ±
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P260 Do not breathe vapour/spray.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin with water/shower.</li> <li>P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.</li> <li>P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Contains	BITUMEN, WHITE SPIRIT
Supplementary precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P233 Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.</li> <li>P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.</li> <li>P242 Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P391 Collect spillage.</li> </ul>

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

# BITUMEN

CAS number: 64742-93-4

### Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT RE 1 - H372 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R68/21. 30-60%

WHITE SPIRIT	30-60%		
CAS number: 64742-88-7	EC number: 265-191-7		
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R65. N;R51/53. R10.		
The Full Text for all R-Phrase	es and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.		
SECTION 4: First aid measu			
4.1. Description of first aid m	easures		
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary depending on the concentration and the length of exposure. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.		
Inhalation	Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at res- in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. Symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.		
Ingestion	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.		
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact. Remove contaminated clothing an rinse skin thoroughly with water.		
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.		
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.		
4.2. Most important symptom	is and effects, both acute and delayed		
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.		
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.		
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea, stomach paint and vomiting.		
Skin contact	Skin irritation. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.		
Eye contact	May cause severe eye irritation.		
4.3. Indication of any immedi	ate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendation given, but first aid may still be required in case of accidental exposure, inhalation or ingestion of this chemical. If in doubt, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION PROMPTLY! In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		

delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. If a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst with the risk of subsequent explosion. The product is flammable.	
Hazardous combustion products	In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed. Acrid smoke or fumes. Other pyrolysis products typical of burning an organic material. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. In the event of a fire and/or explosion, do not breathe fumes.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Do not allow water to contact any leaked material. Keep up-wind to avoid fumes. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Where anti slip aggregates, powders or similar are added/post added to a paint, the potential for the generation of	

powders or similar are added/post added to a paint, the potential for the generation of respirable dust during handling and use can occur. In such cases, occupational exposures to respirable dust should be monitored and controlled. In the case of exposure to prolonged or high levels of air borne dust, wear a personal respirator in compliance with national legislation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.

- For non-emergency personnel Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear suitable respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
- For emergency responders If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. If involved in a fire, shut off flow if it can be done without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Large Spillages: Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labelled container. The accumulation of contaminated rags and application cloths may result in spontaneous combustion. This is particularly important in the case of products containing a high level of drying oils such as teak oil, linseed oil etc. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Storage tanks and other containers must be earthed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Paints based on pitch, coal tar, high temp (CAS 65996-93-2) may cause sensitivity to sunlight. To reduce sun sensitivity, a sun blocking lotion (SPE 15+) can also be applied prior to application of a protective cream.		
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin.		
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Paints containing aluminium must not get in contact with water during storage. Exercise caution when opening to allow pressure release. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Avoid/separate from strong acids, alkalis, oxidising and reducing agents. Observe the label precautions. Containers which have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.		
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.		
7.3. Specific end use(s)			
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2. Restricted to professional users.		
SECTION 8: Exposure Control	ls/personal protection		
8.1. Control parameters			

### Occupational exposure limits

#### WHITE SPIRIT

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 350 mg/m3(Sk)

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

### WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

# Ingredient comments 8.2. Exposure controls

### Protective equipment



Note:	When spraying, the use of a suitable/approved respirator is advised.			
Appropriate engineering controls	No specific ventilation requirements noted, but forced ventilation may still be required if air contamination exceeds acceptable level.			
Personal protection	Advice on personal protection is applicable for high exposure levels. Select proper personal protection based on a risk assessment of the actual exposure scenario.			
Eye/face protection	The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles. Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.			
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.			
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contamination. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact.			
Hygiene measures	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Provide eyewash station. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.			
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.			
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.			

### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Various colours.
Odour	Characteristic/of solvents
Odour threshold	Not determined.
рН	Not relevant.
Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	>30°C CC (Closed cup).

Evaporation rate	Not determined.		
Evaporation factor	Not determined.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	No specific test data are available.		
Other flammability	Not known.		
Vapour pressure	Not determined.		
Vapour density	Not determined.		
Relative density	0.90 - 1.00 @ @ 20°C		
Bulk density	Not determined.		
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in the following materials: Organic solvents.		
Partition coefficient	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.		
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.		
Viscosity	Not determined.		
Explosive properties	May form explosive mixtures with air.		
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.		
Oxidising properties	Not determined.		
Comments	Information given is applicable to the product as supplied.		
9.2. Other information			
Other information	Soluble in most organic solvents.		
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity		
10.1. Reactivity			
Reactivity	The following materials may report with the product: Asido, Alkolia, Ovidiaing materials		
	The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials.		
10.2. Chemical stability	The following materials may react with the product. Acids: Alkalis: Oxidising materials.		
10.2. Chemical stability Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.		
	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.		
Stability 10.3. Possibility of hazardous Possibility of hazardous	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.		
Stability 10.3. Possibility of hazardous Possibility of hazardous reactions	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.		
Stability 10.3. Possibility of hazardous Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7. reactions None under normal processing Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to conditions to heat or sources of ignition. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. Avoid extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.		
Stability 10.3. Possibility of hazardous Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7. reactions None under normal processing Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to conditions to heat or sources of ignition. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne		

Hazardous decomposition	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:	
products	Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Oxides of nitrogen. Acrid smoke or fumes. In	
	case of fire and/or explosion, do not breaths fumes.	

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General information	This product is unlikely to harm health, given normal and proper handling and hygienic precautions. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.	
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.	
Ingestion	Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.	
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Harmful in contact with eyes. Irritating to eyes.	
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Oral	
Additional Information:	For further information, please refer to Sections 4 and 8 respectively	

Toxicological information on ingredients.

### WHITE SPIRIT

Toxicological effects	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. High vapour concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness and nausea.		
Acute toxicity - oral			
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	15,001.0		
Species	Rat		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	15,001.0		
Acute toxicity - dermal			
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	3,401.0		
Species	Rat		
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	3,401.0		
Acute toxicity - inhalation			
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅ vapours mg/l)	13,101.0		
Species	Rat		
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	13,101.0		
Serious eye damage/irritati	ion		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not Irritating		

Respiratory	sensitisation	
Respiratory	sensitisation	Not determined.
Skin sensiti	sation	
Skin sensiti	sation	Not sensitising.
Germ cell n	nutagenicity	
Genotoxicit	y - in vitro	Negative.
Genotoxicit	y - in vivo	Negative.
Carcinogen	licity	
Carcinogen	icity	Not classified carcinogenic
Reproductiv	ve toxicity	
Reproductiv fertility	ve toxicity -	No information available.
Reproductiv developme	-	No evidence of development toxicity
Specific tar	get organ toxicit	ty - single exposure
STOT - sing	gle exposure	No specific test data are available.
Target orga	ins	Central nervous system Vapours can cause drowsiness & dizziness.
Specific tar	get organ toxicit	ty - repeated exposure
STOT - rep	eated exposure	No specific test data are available.
Aspiration h	nazard	
Aspiration h	nazard	No information available.
General info	ormation	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation		Vapours may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause headache, dizziness and dullness.
Ingestion		This product is moderately irritating. Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
Skin contac	t	May cause irritation.
Eye contact	t	May cause severe eye irritation.
Route of en	ıtry	Skin and/or eye contact
Target orga	ins	Central nervous system
Medical syr	nptoms	No specific information available.
SECTION 12: Ecological	Information	

12.1. Toxicity

ToxicityThis product contains substances which are harmful to aquatic organisms. Do not discharge<br/>into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

### BITUMEN

Toxicity	This product contains substances which are harmful to aquatic organisms. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
Acute toxicity - fish	, LC50 96 hours 10-30 mg/lt $(Rainbow Trout - data refersw to White Spirit) : ,$
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	, EC50 96 hours 20000 mg/lt (Daphnia - data refers to White Spirit) : ,
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	No information available.
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	No information available.
Acute toxicity - terrestrial	No information available.

### WHITE SPIRIT

Toxicity	This product contains substances which are harmful to aquatic organisms. Do not
	discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Acute toxicity - fish	, LC50 96 hours < 30mg/lt (Rainbow trout):,
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	, EC50 48 hours <22 mg/lt (Daphnia magna):,
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	, EC50 72 hours < 10 mg/lt:,
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	, EC50 48 hours 43.98 mg/lt:,
Acute toxicity - terrestrial	Not applicable.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Solvent will evaporate, residue will not readily biodegrade. There are no data on the degradability of this product.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### BITUMEN

Persistence and degradability	The product is not readily biodegradable.
Stability (hydrolysis)	No significant reaction in water.
Biodegradation	Not readily biodegradable.

### WHITE SPIRIT

Persistence and degradability	Readily degradeable.
Biodegradation	75% (28 days)
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulative potential The pro	duct contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.
Partition coefficient Not ava	ilable.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	BITUMEN
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not bioaccumulating. Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of this product.
	WHITE SPIRIT
Bioaccumulative potential	Not known.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility The pro mass.	duct is insoluble in water. Mobile liquid, solvent will evaporate leaving a semi-solid
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	BITUMEN
Mobility	The product is non-volatile. The product is insoluble in water. Not considered mobile.
	WHITE SPIRIT
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. No information available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	nent
Results of PBT and vPvB This pro assessment	duct does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	BITUMEN
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
	WHITE SPIRIT
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects Not kno	wn.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. The company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, wherever possible.
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions. Dispose of waste via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

General	To avoid the risk of spillage, always store and transport in a secure, upright position. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263
UN No. (IMDG)	1263
UN No. (ICAO)	1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name	e
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3.3
ICAO class/division	3
14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	31(c)
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	
14.6. Special precautions for u	ser
EmS	3-05
Emergency Action Code	3[Y]
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	30
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	

### Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and e	nvironmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
National regulations	Petroleum (Consolidation) Act, as amended 1984 SI 1244. Highly Flammable Liquid Regulations 1972.
	Rivers (Prevention of Pollution) Act 1961.
	Control of Pollution (Special Waste) Regulations 1980 (as amended).
	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
	December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
	December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
	Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (as amended).
	Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.
	Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.
	CHIP for everyone HSG228.
	Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.
	Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information	
General information	Product to be used in industrial and/or professional applications.
Issued by	BOD
Revision date	03/04/2015
Revision	0
SDS number	20288
Risk phrases in full	R10 Flammable. R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R68/21 Harmful: possible risk of irreversible effects in contact with skin.
Hazard statements in full	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product should not be used for the purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.